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**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

(UNAUDITED)

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## **MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING**

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Canstar Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "Canstar") are the responsibility of management and the Board of Directors.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared by management, on behalf of the Board of Directors, in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements. Where necessary, management has made informed judgments and estimates in accounting for transactions which were not complete at the statement of financial position date. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and are in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards appropriate in the circumstances.

Management has established processes, which are in place to provide it sufficient knowledge to support management representations that it has exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the unaudited condensed interim financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of, and for the periods presented by, the unaudited condensed interim financial statements and (ii) the unaudited condensed interim financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the unaudited condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the unaudited condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the unaudited condensed interim financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

## **NOTICE TO READER**

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the interim financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

As at	March 31, 2012	June 30, 2011 (Note 11)	July 1, 2010 (Note 11)
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Cash	\$ 1,116,337	\$ 389,045	\$ 172,808
Amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	6,001	21,623	10,600
Marketable securities	-	57,500	-
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>1,122,338</b>	<b>468,168</b>	<b>183,408</b>
<b>Deposit</b>	<b>53,772</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Equipment</b>	<b>765</b>	<b>899</b>	<b>1,124</b>
<b>Interest in mineral properties and deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures (Note 4)</b>	<b>823,013</b>	<b>766,457</b>	<b>888,964</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,999,888</b>	<b>\$ 1,235,524</b>	<b>\$ 1,073,496</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>Current</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9)	\$ 157,089	\$ 367,810	\$ 349,041
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>			
Capital stock (Note 5(b))	9,277,283	8,319,089	7,879,089
Warrants (Note 5(d))	274,797	-	50,000
Share-based payment reserve	331,269	561,780	689,780
	<b>9,883,349</b>	<b>8,880,869</b>	<b>8,618,869</b>
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	-	(37,500)	-
Deficit	<b>(8,040,550)</b>	<b>(7,975,655)</b>	<b>(7,894,414)</b>
	<b>(8,040,550)</b>	<b>(8,013,155)</b>	<b>(7,894,414)</b>
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>1,842,799</b>	<b>867,714</b>	<b>724,455</b>
<b>Total liabilities and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 1,999,888</b>	<b>\$ 1,235,524</b>	<b>\$ 1,073,496</b>

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1)  
 Commitments and Contingencies (Note 10)  
 Subsequent Event (Note 12)

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

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 "W. Deluce", Director

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 "John E. Hurley", Director

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND**  
**COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Nine Months Ended March 31,	
	2012	2011 (Note 11)	2012	2011 (Note 11)
<b>Operating expenses</b>				
Share-based payments	\$ 17,646	\$ 9,247	\$ 42,761	\$ 40,001
Interest and bank charges	74	29	374	5,220
Transfer agent and filing fees	10,458	8,494	31,347	26,189
Professional fees	22,968	19,504	62,304	48,609
General and office expenses	9,191	491	10,785	535
Shareholder information	5,951	966	17,968	9,094
Amortization	45	57	135	169
Rent	2,500	2,500	7,000	4,500
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>68,833</b>	<b>41,288</b>	<b>172,674</b>	<b>134,317</b>
Loss before other income (loss)	(68,833)	(41,288)	(172,674)	(134,317)
Interest income	922	-	922	-
Realized loss on marketable securities	-	-	(50,691)	-
Other income (Note 4(b)(ii))	-	-	-	95,000
<b>Net loss for the period</b>	<b>\$ (67,911)</b>	<b>\$ (41,288)</b>	<b>\$ (222,443)</b>	<b>\$ (39,317)</b>
(Decrease) increase in unrealized gains on available-for-sale marketable securities	-	(19,999)	(5,000)	15,001
Reclassification of realized loss on available-for-sale marketable securities to income	-	-	42,500	-
<b>Comprehensive loss for the period</b>	<b>\$ (67,911)</b>	<b>\$ (61,287)</b>	<b>\$ (184,943)</b>	<b>\$ (24,316)</b>
<b>Net loss per share</b>				
- basic and diluted	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
<b>Weighted average number of shares</b>	<b>76,140,759</b>	<b>68,826,713</b>	<b>71,311,876</b>	<b>66,857,763</b>

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

<b>For the Nine Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>2012</b>	<b>2011</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net loss for the period	\$ (222,443)	\$ (39,317)
Charges not involving cash:		
Share-based payments	42,761	40,001
Amortization	135	169
Realized loss on marketable securities	50,691	-
Fair value of shares of marketable securities received for property option payment	-	(95,000)
	<b>(128,856)</b>	<b>(94,147)</b>
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Decrease (increase) in amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	15,622	(9,635)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<b>(210,721)</b>	13,388
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>	<b>(323,955)</b>	<b>(90,394)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	-	400,000
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	128,750	-
Issuance of shares and warrants for cash, net of costs	<b>988,516</b>	-
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>	<b>1,117,266</b>	<b>400,000</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Interest in mineral properties and deferred exploration expenditures	<b>(110,328)</b>	(49,993)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	<b>44,309</b>	-
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>	<b>(66,019)</b>	<b>(49,993)</b>
<b>Change in cash</b>	<b>727,292</b>	<b>259,613</b>
<b>Cash, beginning of period</b>	<b>389,045</b>	<b>172,808</b>
<b>Cash, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 1,116,337</b>	<b>\$ 432,421</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION</b>		
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -

*See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements*

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

	Capital Stock	Warrants	Share-based Payment Reserve	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Deficit	Total
<b>Balance, July 1, 2010</b>	<b>\$ 7,879,089</b>	<b>\$ 50,000</b>	<b>\$ 689,780</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (7,894,414)</b>	<b>\$ 724,455</b>
Share-based payments	-	-	40,001	-	-	40,001
Unrealized gain on marketable securities	-	-	-	15,001	-	15,001
Exercise of warrants	440,000	(40,000)	-	-	-	400,000
Expiry of warrants	-	(10,000)	-	-	10,000	-
Expiry of stock options	-	-	(32,500)	-	32,500	-
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	(39,317)	(39,317)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2011</b>	<b>\$ 8,319,089</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 697,281</b>	<b>\$ 15,001</b>	<b>\$ (7,891,231)</b>	<b>\$ 1,140,140</b>
Share-based payments	-	-	3,999	-	-	3,999
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	-	-	-	(52,501)	-	(52,501)
Expiry of stock options	-	-	(139,500)	-	139,500	-
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(223,924)	(223,924)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2011</b>	<b>\$ 8,319,089</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 561,780</b>	<b>\$ (37,500)</b>	<b>\$ (7,975,655)</b>	<b>\$ 867,714</b>
Private placement - common shares	334,304	115,696	-	-	-	450,000
Private placement - flow-through shares	421,196	178,804	-	-	-	600,000
Exercise of stock options	244,474	-	(115,724)	-	-	128,750
Expiry of stock options	-	-	(157,548)	-	157,548	-
Cost of issue	(41,780)	(19,703)	-	-	-	(61,483)
Share-based payments	-	-	42,761	-	-	42,761
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	-	-	-	(5,000)	-	(5,000)
Realized loss on marketable securities	-	-	-	42,500	-	42,500
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(222,443)	(222,443)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>\$ 9,277,283</b>	<b>\$ 274,797</b>	<b>\$ 331,269</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (8,040,550)</b>	<b>\$ 1,842,799</b>

*See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements*

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**STATEMENTS OF INTEREST IN MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION**  
**AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**

	Slate Bay Property	Mary March Properties	McFauld's Lake	Total
<b>PROPERTY ACQUISITION COSTS</b>				
Balance, July 1, 2010	\$ 62,234	\$ 41,284	\$ -	\$ 103,518
Written down	(62,234)	-	-	(62,234)
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Balance, June 30, 2011 and March 31, 2012	-	41,284	-	41,284
<hr/>				
<b>DEFERRED EXPLORATION COSTS</b>				
Balance, July 1, 2010	140,327	642,394	2,725	785,446
Incurred	-	82,779	-	82,779
Written down	(140,327)	-	(2,725)	(143,052)
<hr/>				
Balance, June 30, 2011	-	725,173	-	725,173
Incurred	-	77,685	-	77,685
Recovered	-	(8,629)	-	(8,629)
Recovered from government	-	(12,500)	-	(12,500)
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Balance, March 31, 2012	-	781,729	-	781,729
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<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 823,013</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 823,013</b>

*See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed interim financial statements*

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**  
**THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012**

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**1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN**

Canstar Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "Canstar") was formed by amalgamation on April 5, 2005. The Company is publicly traded with its shares listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange for venture issuers. The Company's registered and head office is located at 120 Adelaide Street West, Suite 2500, Toronto, Ontario M5H 1T1.

The Company is in the process of exploring its mineral properties and has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The recoverability of the carrying values of mineral properties is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the preservation of the Company's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Company to obtain financing necessary to complete development of the properties, and the future profitable production thereafter or alternatively upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interests on an advantageous basis.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to the properties on which it is conducting exploration and in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and non-compliance with regulatory requirements.

As at March 31, 2012, the Company had a deficit of \$8,040,550 and working capital of \$965,249. The Company's ability to continue operations and fund its future exploration property expenditures is dependent on management's ability to secure additional financing. Management is actively pursuing such additional sources of financing, and while it has been successful in doing so in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. Because of this uncertainty there is some doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include the adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

**2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Previously, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP"). The disclosures required by the provisions of IFRS 1, "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" ("IFRS 1"), explaining how the transition to IFRS has affected the reported financial performance, cash flows and financial position of the Company, are presented in Note 11.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements required by IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements. They also have been applied in preparing an opening IFRS statement of financial position at July 1, 2010 (Note 11) for the purposes of the transition to IFRS, as required by IFRS 1.

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are expected to be effective on June 30, 2012, the Company's first annual reporting date under IFRS. The Company has made certain assumptions about the accounting policies expected to be adopted when the first IFRS annual financial statements are prepared for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The condensed unaudited interim financial statements of the Company were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on **May 28, 2012**.



**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**  
**THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012**

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**Basis of Measurement**

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis. In addition, these unaudited condensed interim financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

**Functional and Presentation Currency**

The Company's presentation and functional currency is the Canadian dollar. The Company does not have any foreign operations. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of transactions. At each financial position date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the re-measurement of monetary items at period end exchange rates are recognized in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash includes cash on hand and balances with banks and short-term investments with original maturities of ninety days or less. As at March 31, 2012, June 30, 2011, and July 1, 2010, the Company did not have any cash equivalents.

**Income Taxes**

The Company uses the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method of tax allocation, deferred income taxes are determined based on the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities. These income tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted or substantively enacted tax rates in which the income tax assets or liabilities are expected to be settled or realized. The effect of a change in income tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in operations in the period in which the change occurs.

**Earnings (Loss) Per Share**

Earnings (loss) per share is based on the weighted average number of common shares of the Company outstanding during the period. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding stock options and warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. In the Company's case, diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share as there were no potentially dilutive securities for the periods ended March 31, 2012 and 2011.

**Flow-through Shares**

The Company finances a portion of its exploration and evaluation activities through the issuance of flow-through shares. Under the terms of the flow-through common share issues, the tax attributes of the related expenditures are renounced to investors and deferred income tax expense and income tax liabilities are increased by the estimated income tax benefits renounced by the Company to the investors. On the date of issuance of the flow-through shares, the premium relating to the proceeds received in excess of the fair value of the Company's common shares is allocated to liabilities. The premium liability is reduced pro-rata based on the percentage of flow-through expenditures renounced in comparison to renunciations required under the terms of the flow-through share agreement. The reduction to the premium liability in the period of renunciation is recognized through operations.

Where the Company has unused tax benefits on loss carry forwards and tax pools in excess of book value available for deduction, the Company offsets the increase in deferred tax liabilities resulting in an offsetting recovery of deferred income taxes.

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**  
**THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012**

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities, including derivative instruments, are initially recognized and subsequently measured based on their classification as “fair value through profit and loss”, “available-for-sale” financial assets, “held-to-maturity”, “loans and receivables”, or “other” financial liabilities. Fair value through profit and loss financial instruments are measured at their fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income (loss) for the period. Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at their fair value and changes in fair value are included in other comprehensive income (loss) until the asset is removed from the statement of financial position or until impairment is assessed as other than temporary. Held-to-maturity investments, loans and receivables and other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Derivative instruments, including embedded derivatives, are measured at their fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income (loss) for the period, unless the instrument is a cash flow hedge and hedge accounting applies, in which case changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

Fair value measurements are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels: (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1); (b) inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

**Impairment**

The carrying values of equipment are assessed for impairment when indicators of such impairment exist. If any indication of impairment exists an estimate of the asset’s recoverable amount is calculated. The recoverable amount is determined as the higher of the fair value less costs to sell for the asset and the asset’s value in use.

Impairment is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, the individual assets of the Company are grouped together into cash generating units (“CGUs”) for impairment purposes. Such CGUs represent the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or other groups of assets. This generally results in the Company evaluating its non-financial assets on a geographical or licence basis.

If the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is impaired and an impairment loss is charged to the statement of loss and comprehensive loss so as to reduce the carrying amount to its recoverable amount.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company makes an estimate of the recoverable amount.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset’s recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. The increased amount cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**  
**THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012**

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**Share-based Payments**

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. Details regarding the determination of the fair value of equity settled share-based transactions are set out in the share-based payment note.

The fair value is measured at the grant date and each tranche is recognized on a graded-vesting basis over the period in which options vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service. Unexercised, expired stock options are transferred to the Company's deficit.

**Interest in Mineral Properties and Deferred Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures**

Once a licence to explore an area has been secured, expenditures on exploration and evaluation activities are capitalized to interest in mineral properties and deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures. Exploration and evaluation expenditures relate to the initial search for deposits with economic potential and to detailed assessments of deposits or other projects that have been identified as having economic potential.

Purchased exploration and evaluation assets are recognized as assets at their cost of acquisition or at fair value if purchased as part of a business combination. Capitalized exploration and evaluation costs are considered to be tangible assets. These assets are not depreciated as they are not currently available for use.

Once an economically viable reserve has been determined for an area and the decision to proceed with development has been approved, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to construction in progress.

Mineral reserves and capitalized mine development expenditures are, upon commencement of production, depreciated using a unit of production method or are written off if the property is abandoned.

An impairment review of exploration and evaluation assets is performed, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level, when there are indicators that the carrying amount of the assets may exceed their recoverable amounts. To the extent that this occurs, the excess is fully provided against, in the financial year in which this is determined. Interest in mineral properties and deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures are reassessed on a regular basis and these costs are carried forward provided that at least one of the conditions below is met:

- such costs are expected to be recouped in full through successful development and exploration of the area of interest or alternatively, by its sale; or
- exploration and evaluation activities in the area of interest have not yet reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves, and active and significant operations in relation to the area are continuing, or planned for the future.

**CANSTAR RESOURCES INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)**  
**THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2012**

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**Equipment**

Equipment is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of equipment comprises its purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and the estimated decommissioning and restoration costs associated with the asset. Equipment is generally depreciated over its estimated useful life on a diminishing balance basis at 20% per annum.

**Provisions**

*General*

Provisions are recognised when (a), the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and (b), it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of comprehensive loss, net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

*Rehabilitation Provision*

The Company records the present value of estimated costs of legal and constructive obligations required to restore operating locations in the period in which the obligation is incurred. The nature of these restoration activities includes dismantling and removing structures, rehabilitating mines and tailings dams, dismantling operating facilities, closure of plant and waste sites, and restoration, reclamation and re-vegetation of affected areas.

The obligation generally arises when the asset is installed or the ground / environment is disturbed at the production location. When the liability is initially recognized, the present value of the estimated cost is capitalized by increasing the carrying amount of the related mining assets to the extent that it was incurred prior to the production of related ore. Over time, the discounted liability is increased for the change in present value based on the discount rates that reflect current market assessments and the risks specific to the liability. The periodic unwinding of the discount is recognized in the consolidated statement of operations as a finance cost. Additional disturbances or changes in rehabilitation costs will be recognized as additions or charges to the corresponding assets and rehabilitation liability when they occur. For closed sites, changes to estimated costs are recognized immediately in the statement of operations.

The Company does not currently have any such significant legal or constructive obligations and therefore no decommissioning liabilities have been recorded as at March 31, 2012, June 30, 2011 and July 1, 2010.

**Warrants**

Warrants are recognized at fair value on the date of grant and are measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new warrants are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Unexercised expired warrants are transferred to deficit.

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**Use of Estimates**

The preparation of these condensed interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These condensed interim financial statements include estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impact of such estimates are pervasive throughout the condensed interim financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.

Information about critical judgments and estimates in applying accounting policies that have most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Asset carrying values and impairment charges;
- Recognition of deferred taxes;
- Capitalization and valuation of interest in mineral properties and deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures;
- Management assumption of no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental liabilities;
- Valuation of share-based payments and share purchase warrants; and
- Contingencies.

**Future Accounting Changes**

**New IFRS Standards Not Yet Adopted**

The Company has not yet adopted certain new IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards, which have been published but are only effective for its annual periods beginning after July 1, 2011. These include:

IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9") was issued in November 2009 and contained requirements for financial assets. This standard addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39 for debt instruments with a new mixed measurement model having only two categories: amortized cost and fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments, and such instruments are either recognized at fair value through profit or loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income. This standard is required to be applied for the Company's accounting periods beginning on July 1, 2013, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the amendments to IFRS 9 on its financial statements.

IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement* ("IFRS 13") converges IFRS and US GAAP on how to measure fair value and the related fair value disclosures. The new standard creates a single source of guidance for fair value measurements, where fair value is required or permitted under IFRS, by not changing how fair value is used but how it is measured. The focus will be on an exit price. IFRS 13 is effective for the Company's annual periods beginning on July 1, 2013, with early adoption permitted. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the amendments to IFRS 13 on its financial statements.

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**3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

**Future Accounting Changes (Continued)**

IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("IFRS 10") provides a single model to be applied in the control analysis for all investees, including entities that currently are special purpose entities in the scope of SIC 12. In addition, the consolidation procedures are carried forward substantially unmodified from IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 10 in its financial statements for the annual period beginning on July 1, 2013. The Company has not yet determined the impact of the amendments to IFRS 10 on its financial statements.

IFRS 11 *Joint Arrangements* ("IFRS 11") replaces the guidance in IAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures. Under IFRS 11, joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures. IFRS 11 essentially carves out of previous jointly controlled entities, those arrangements which although structured through a separate vehicle, such separation is ineffective and the parties to the arrangement have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities and are accounted for as joint operations in a fashion consistent with jointly controlled assets/operations under IAS 31. In addition, under IFRS 11 joint ventures are stripped of the free choice of equity accounting or proportionate consolidation; these entities must now use the equity method.

Upon application of IFRS 11, entities which had previously accounted for joint ventures using proportionate consolidation shall collapse the proportionately consolidated net asset value (including any allocation of goodwill) into a single investment balance at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The investment's opening balance is tested for impairment in accordance with IAS 28 Investments in Associates and IAS 36 Impairment of Assets. Any impairment losses are recognized as an adjustment to opening deficit at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The Company intends to adopt IFRS 11 in its financial statements for the annual period beginning on July 1, 2013. The Company has not yet determined the impact of IFRS 11 on its financial statements.

IFRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities was issued by the IASB in May 2011. IFRS 12 is a new standard which provides disclosure requirements for entities reporting interests in other entities, including joint arrangements, special purpose vehicles, and off balance sheet vehicles. IFRS 12 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013. Earlier application is permitted.

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements was amended by the IASB in June 2011 in order to align the presentation of items in other comprehensive income with US GAAP standards. Items in other comprehensive income will be required to be presented in two categories: items that will be reclassified into profit or loss and those that will not be reclassified. The flexibility to present a statement of comprehensive income as one statement or two separate statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income remains unchanged. The amendments to IAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2012.

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**4. INTEREST IN MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES**

The Company has interests in mineral properties in the McFauld's Lake area, and McDonough Townships in Ontario, Canada, and in the Buchans area of Newfoundland, Canada.

**a) Slate Bay Property**

During the year ended January 31, 2003, the Company entered into an agreement with Luxor Explorations Inc. ("Luxor") whereby it could earn a 75% interest in Luxor's Slate Bay Property. The Slate Bay Property consists of eight patented mining claims in southern McDonough Township, Ontario within the Red Lake gold camp. The Company acquired the right to earn its interest by issuing 30,000 common shares to Luxor and by paying back taxes owed of approximately \$18,000. The Company maintained its option by issuing an additional 90,000 common shares and spending an aggregate of \$150,000 on the property over a three-year period. The Company must pay all property taxes during the earn-in period required to keep the property in good standing. Upon having vested its interest, a joint venture was formed with the Company acting as manager, to further explore and develop the property.

During the period ended June 30, 2005, the Company negotiated a one-year extension to the agreement with Luxor. In exchange for the one-year extension, the Company issued Luxor a further 90,000 common shares of the Company valued at \$19,800. Upon completion of a drilling program in November 2005, the Company met all of the expenditure requirements to earn its 75% interest in the property and has advised Luxor that it wishes to establish a joint venture to further explore and develop the property. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will act as manager of the joint venture.

The Company has attempted to joint venture this property without success. Accordingly, the property has been written off although the Company still retains its interest.

**b) Mary March Properties**

**(i) Phelps Joint Venture (now Xstrata Joint Venture)**

The Company entered into a letter of intent to acquire the interest of Phelps Dodge Corporation of Canada Limited ("Phelps") in an Exploration Option and Joint Venture Operating Agreement (the "Xstrata Joint Venture") whereby it has the right to earn a 50% interest in the Mary March Property located at Buchans Junction in central Newfoundland. The remaining 50% interest in the property is held by Noranda Mining and Exploration Inc. ("Noranda"). The Company has a first right of refusal on Noranda's 50% interest, should it wish to sell.

The property consists of 18 staked claims, 2 licenses, 1 lease and 2 patented lots aggregating 4.5 sq km (1,616 ha). The Company can earn its 50% interest in the property by delivering 100,000 common shares of the Company to Phelps and spending \$755,000. Phelps would be granted warrants for a further 100,000 shares of Company exercisable for a period not to exceed two years. These warrants could be exercised at a price of \$0.25 per share in the first year and \$0.50 per share in the second year.

Should the Xstrata Joint Venture thus established proceed to production, the Company would make a one time cash payment to Phelps of \$2 million within six months of the commencement of commercial production. Company's share of production would be subject to a one percent (1%) Net Smelter Return Royalty payable to Phelps.

Exploration of this property has been held up for approximately 10 years due to a title dispute with Vinland Resources Limited ("Vinland") that was recently resolved in the Company's favour by the Newfoundland and Labrador Supreme Court. Vinland agreed to not proceed with an appeal of the court's decision. In consideration, the Company agreed to waive its entitlement to costs. The Company and Phelps have entered into a definitive agreement to complete the assignment of the interest of Phelps in the Xstrata Joint Venture to the Company and closing is expected shortly.

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**4. INTEREST IN MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES (Continued)**

**b) Mary March Properties (Continued)**

**(ii) Mary March Extension Project (formerly XMET Option)**

On February 16, 2010, Canstar signed a mining option agreement ("MOA") with On-Strike Gold Inc., a private company (now XMET Inc. – a TSX-V Company) ("XMET"), to explore Canstar's 100% owned mineral claims, adjacent to Canstar's Mary March Property described in Note 4(b)(i).

These claims were not involved in the Mary March Property dispute between the Mining Recorder's office and Vinland or part of Phelps Agreement. The property is located immediately west and north of the Mary March Property and may cover the extension of the geological horizon hosting the Mary March base and precious metal mineralization. The MOA with Canstar allowed XMET to earn a 50% interest in the claims on the following terms:

- On signing the MOA, XMET will pay Canstar \$25,000 (paid) and issue 500,000 shares (issued and valued at \$95,000) of XMET to Canstar;
- On or before the first anniversary, XMET will pay \$50,000 in cash to Canstar (not paid);
- On, or before the second anniversary, XMET will pay \$100,000 in cash to Canstar; and
- XMET will incur exploration expenditures on the claims as follows:
  - In the first year - \$100,000
  - In the second year - \$250,000
  - In the third year - \$500,000

Upon earning a 50% interest, XMET would enter into an industry standard 50/50 joint venture agreement with Canstar on the claims.

On May 30, 2011, XMET advised the Company that they had completed two drill holes on the property and decided to discontinue the MOA. The property is now 100% owned by Canstar.

**c) McFauld's Lake Properties**

**(i) McFaulds One**

During the year ended January 31, 2004, the Company acquired a 100% interest, by staking, in 32 contiguous claim units located in the McFauld's Lake area of the James Bay Lowlands, Northern Ontario.

**(ii) McFaulds Three**

In September 2004, an option and joint venture agreement was signed with Geocanex Ltd. ("Geocanex") of Toronto, whereby the Company can earn an undivided 50% interest in seven claims totaling 1,504 hectares that comprise the McFaulds Three Property. To earn its 50% interest, the Company must:

- a) Spend \$50,000 in Year One of the Agreement (paid), \$100,000 in Year Two (paid), and a further \$100,000 in Year Four (no longer payable), for a total of \$250,000; and
- b) Issue 500,000 shares - 250,000 on signing (issued) and 250,000 (issued) at the first anniversary date of the agreement.

In addition to the above commitments, having earned its 50%, the Company must then make a one-time cash payment of \$25,000 to Geocanex. A 50% Canstar / Geocanex joint venture will then be established along standard industry norms, including provision for dilution whereby a delinquent partner would convert to a 2% Net Smelter Return Royalty.

Subsequently, four of the claims were allowed to lapse by mutual consent of the Company and Geocanex, with the three remaining claims, representing 38 contiguous units, remaining under the agreement.



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**4. INTEREST IN MINERAL PROPERTIES AND DEFERRED EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURES (Continued)**

**c) McFaulds Lake Properties (Continued)**

**(ii) McFaulds Three (Continued)**

A director of the Company is the principal shareholder of Geocanex.

In fiscal 2006, both McFauld's Lake Properties were written off due to disappointing exploration results.

In fiscal 2008, the Company entered into an option agreement with United Reef Limited. ("United Reef") and Geocanex covering the McFaulds One and Three Properties. The agreement allows United Reef and the Company to each earn a 50% interest in the properties. Geocanex has waived the one time \$25,000 payment and approximately \$100,000 in expenditures that were remaining to be paid as per the agreement entered into in September 2004. The Company received a cash payment of \$50,000 and 2,500,000 United Reef common shares (valued at \$200,000) from United Reef. United Reef is required to incur exploration expenditures of \$150,000 on the properties before December 31, 2008. The Company will maintain a 0.5% net smelter royalty on the properties, 0.25% of which can be purchased by United Reef for \$250,000.

After substantial completion of its earn-in requirements, it was agreed that United Reef would vest, on a pro-rata basis, an interest in the property calculated using the value of all payments and work expenditures it made during the agreement. United Reef has now vested a 45% interest in the McFauld's Lake Properties. Canstar maintains the remaining 55% interest.

**5. CAPITAL STOCK, SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE AND WARRANTS**

**(a) Authorized**

Unlimited number of common shares

**(b) Issued**

76,701,713 common shares

Summary of changes in capital stock:

	Shares	Amount
Balance, July 1, 2010	64,826,713	\$ 7,879,089
Exercise of warrants	4,000,000	400,000
Exercise of warrants - valuation allocation	-	40,000
<b>Balance, June 30, 2011</b>	<b>68,826,713</b>	<b>\$ 8,319,089</b>
Private placement - common shares (i)(ii)	3,000,000	450,000
Private placement - flow-through shares (i)(ii)	4,000,000	600,000
Warrant valuation	-	(294,500)
Exercise of stock options	875,000	128,750
Exercise of stock options - valuation allocation	-	115,724
Cost of issue	-	(41,780)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>76,701,713</b>	<b>\$ 9,277,283</b>

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**5. CAPITAL STOCK, SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE AND WARRANTS (Continued)**

**(b) Issued (Continued)**

- (i) On December 22, 2011, the Company closed the sale of 4,693,332 units under the terms of the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$704,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.20 for a period of one year from closing. Of the 4,693,332 units, 2,000,000 units, representing gross proceeds of \$300,000, were sold on a flow-through basis. Finders were paid a cash commission of \$17,625. Of the net amount raised, \$173,600 in gross proceeds, less \$4,345 in costs of issue have been allocated to the the underlying warrants issued in connection with the private placement.

The 4,693,332 purchase warrants issued under the terms of this private placement were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$173,600 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 127%, risk-free rate of return 0.95% and expected life of 1 year.

- (ii) On January 10, 2012, the Company closed the sale of 2,306,668 units under the terms of the final tranche of a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$346,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.20 for a period of one year from closing. Of the 2,306,668 units, 2,000,000 units, representing gross proceeds of \$300,000, were sold on a flow-through basis. Finders were paid a cash commission of \$23,233 and additional costs of \$20,625 were incurred with respect to the private placement. Of the net amount raised, \$120,900 in gross proceeds, less \$15,358 in costs of issue have been allocated to the the underlying warrants issued in connection with the private placement.

The 2,306,668 purchase warrants issued under the terms of this private placement were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$120,900 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 127%, risk-free rate of return 0.98% and expected life of 1 year.

**(c) Stock Options**

The Company has granted options for the purchase of common shares to its directors, officers, and consultants. The aggregate number of common shares which may be issued under the stock option plan is 9,030,000. The options are non-assignable and may be granted for a term not exceeding five years. The exercise price of the options is fixed by the board of directors of the Company at the time of grant at the market price of the common shares, subject to all applicable regulatory requirements. As at March 31, 2012, the following stock options were outstanding:

Number of Options	Exercisable Options	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years) of Number of Options	Expiry Date
50,000	50,000	\$0.20	0.33	July 28, 2012
100,000	100,000	\$0.10	0.33	July 28, 2012
1,100,000	1,100,000	\$0.15	0.72	December 20, 2012
200,000	200,000	\$0.10	1.77	January 6, 2014
398,334	398,334	\$0.10	1.77	January 6, 2014
100,000	100,000	\$0.20	1.77	January 6, 2014
901,666	901,666	\$0.10	2.98	March 22, 2015
500,000	125,000	\$0.17	4.72	December 19, 2016
<b>3,350,000</b>	<b>2,975,000</b>	<b>\$0.13</b>	<b>2.13</b>	

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**5. CAPITAL STOCK, SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE AND WARRANTS (Continued)**

**(c) Stock Options (Continued)**

A summary of changes in stock options is as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, July 1, 2010	5,375,000	\$ 0.14
Expired	(500,000)	(0.15)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2011</b>	<b>4,875,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>
Granted	500,000	0.17
Exercised	(875,000)	(0.15)
Expired	(1,150,000)	(0.15)
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>3,350,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.13</b>

On December 19, 2011, the Company granted 500,000 stock options to a consultant of the Company. Each stock option allows the holder to acquire one common share of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.17 for a period of 5 years. The stock options vest at a rate of 25% on the date of grant and 25% after each of six, twelve and eighteen months thereafter. A fair value of \$77,400 was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model based on the following weighted average assumptions: expected dividend yield of 0%; risk free interest rate of 1.07%; expected life of 5 years; and a volatility of 151%.

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**5. CAPITAL STOCK, SHARE-BASED PAYMENT RESERVE AND WARRANTS (Continued)**

**(d) Share Purchase Warrants**

A summary of changes in warrants is as follows:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, July 1, 2010	5,000,000	\$ 0.10
Exercised	(4,000,000)	(0.10)
Expired	(1,000,000)	(0.10)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2011</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
Granted (Note 5(b)(i)(ii))	7,000,000	0.20
<b>Balance, March 31, 2012</b>	<b>7,000,000</b>	<b>\$ 0.20</b>

The warrants outstanding as at March 31, 2012 are as follows:

	Black-Scholes Valuation	Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
	\$ 169,255	4,693,332	\$0.20	December 28, 2012
	\$ 105,542	2,306,668	\$0.20	January 10, 2013

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**6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

Fair Value:

IFRS require that the Company disclose information about the fair value of its financial assets and liabilities. Fair value estimates are made at the statement of financial position date based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties in significant matters of judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect these estimates.

The carrying values of the Company's short-term financial instruments, comprising cash, amounts receivable, marketable securities and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values.

Cash and amounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Marketable securities are classified as available for sale and are measured at fair value. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

**7. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Company considers its capital structure to consist of share capital and working capital. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, based on the funds available to the Company, in order to support the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012.

**8. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS**

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below. There have been no changes in the risks, objectives, policies and procedures from the previous period.

**Credit Risk**

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and receivables included in amounts receivable and prepaid expenses. The Company has no significant concentration of credit risk arising from operations. Financial instruments included in amounts receivable and prepaid expenses consist of sales tax due from the Federal Government of Canada. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to financial instruments included in amounts receivable and prepaid expenses is remote.

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**8. FINANCIAL RISK FACTORS** (Continued)

**Liquidity Risk**

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at March 31, 2012, the Company had a cash balance of \$1,116,337 to settle current liabilities of \$157,089. The Company's ability to continue operations and fund its exploration property expenditures is dependent on management's ability to secure additional financing. Management is continuing to pursue various financing initiatives in order to provide sufficient cash flow to finance operations as well as to fund its exploration expenditures. \$29,208 of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. The remaining \$127,881 relates to the accrual in relation to the exploration expenditures discussed in Note 10(b). The Company is uncertain when these funds will need to be paid.

**Interest Rate Risk**

The Company has cash balances subject to interest rate. Management does not believe the Company is exposed to significant interest rate risk.

**Foreign Currency Risk**

The Company's functional currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in Canadian dollars. The Company is not exposed to foreign exchange risk.

**Price Risk**

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

**Sensitivity Analysis**

As at March 31, 2012, the carrying and fair value amounts of the Company's financial instruments are approximately the same. Based on management's knowledge and experience in the financial markets, the Company believes the following movements are "reasonably possible" over a twelve-month period:

- (i) Cash is invested in a Canadian chartered bank or a financial institution controlled by a Canadian chartered bank. Sensitivity to a plus or minus 1% change in rates, based on the current balance of cash, would affect the net loss by plus or minus \$11,150 during a twelve month period; and
- (ii) The Company does not hold significant balances in foreign currencies to give rise to exposure to foreign exchange risk.

**9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

During the the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012, the Company incurred \$2,500 and \$7,000, respectively (three and nine months ended March 31, 2011 - \$2,500 and \$4,500) for rent charged by a corporation of which the chairman of this corporation is President.

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at March 31, 2012 is \$nil (June 30, 2011 - \$2,875) accrued for accounting services rendered during the period by a firm of chartered accountants of which one of the directors is a former partner. Also included in accounts payable is \$4,345 (June 30, 2011 - \$ 4,345) owed to a corporation controlled by a director of the Company. The amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured, with no fixed terms of repayment.

During the the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012, remuneration of directors consisted of \$3,108 (three and nine months ended March 31, 2011 - \$18,519 and \$37,513) in share-based payments.

Officers and directors purchased 896,666 units of the 7,000,000 unit financing disclosed in the Note 5(b).

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**10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**a) Environmental Contingencies**

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various federal, provincial and state laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.

**b) Flow-through Expenditures**

As at December 31, 2008, the Company was unable to complete the exploration expenditures within the required time periods to support flow-through deductions that were renounced to holders of flow-through shares. As a consequence of this shortfall in exploration expenditures, the Company will reimburse the investors for income taxes and interest owing as a result of the reduced tax deduction. As at March 31, 2012, the Company has accrued \$127,881 (June 30, 2011 - \$127,881) as the estimated tax and interest amounts related to this commitment in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The actual amount the Company will pay investors is dependent upon the number of investors who make claims and their individual tax rates. Management estimates the maximum amount to be approximately \$170,500 (June 30, 2011 - \$170,500).

Included in the financing of 7,000,000 units disclosed on Note 5(b), a total of 4,000,000 units were sold on a flow-through basis for gross proceeds of \$600,000 and must be spent on exploration expenses.

**11. CONVERSION TO IFRS**

*(i) Overview*

As stated in Basis of Presentation (Note 2), these unaudited condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

The policies set out in the Significant Accounting Policies (Note 3), have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2012 and in the preparation of an opening IFRS statement of financial position at July 1, 2010 (the Company's Transition Date).

*(ii) First time adoption of IFRS*

The adoption of IFRS requires the application of IFRS 1, which provides guidance for a Company's initial adoption of IFRS. IFRS 1 generally requires retrospective application of IFRS as effective at the end of its first annual IFRS reporting period. However, IFRS 1 also provides certain optional exemptions and mandatory exceptions to this retrospective treatment.

IFRS 1 does not permit changes to estimates that have been made previously. Accordingly, estimates used in the preparation of the Company's opening IFRS statement of financial position as at the Transition Date are consistent with those that were made under Canadian GAAP. The Company's Transition Date IFRS unaudited statement of financial position is included as comparative information in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

Set forth below are the IFRS 1 applicable exemptions and exceptions applied in the conversion from Canadian GAAP to IFRS.

*Share-based payments* - IFRS 2, Share-based Payments, encourages application of its provisions to equity instruments granted on or before November 7, 2002, but permits the application only to equity instruments granted after November 7, 2002 that had not vested by the Transition Date. The Company elected to avail itself of the exemption provided under IFRS 1 and applied IFRS 2 for all equity instruments granted after November 7, 2002 that had not vested by its Transition Date.

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11. **CONVERSION TO IFRS** (Continued)

(ii) *First time adoption of IFRS* (Continued)

*Business combinations* – IFRS 1 provides the option to apply IFRS 3, Business Combinations, retrospectively or prospectively from the Transition Date. The Company elected to apply IFRS 3 prospectively from the Transition Date. The retrospective basis would require restatement of all business combinations that occurred prior to the Transition Date. The Company did not apply IFRS 3 retrospectively to business combinations that occurred prior to the Transition Date and such business combinations have not been restated.

*Consolidated and separate financial statements* – In accordance with IFRS 1, if a company elects to apply IFRS 3, Business Combinations, retrospectively, IAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements, must also be applied retrospectively. As the Company elected to apply IFRS 3 prospectively, the Company has also elected to apply IAS 27 prospectively. The Company did not have any investments that require consolidation on the Transition Date.

*Borrowing costs* – In accordance with IFRS 1, the Company has elected to apply the transitional provisions of IAS 23 prospectively from the Transition Date. As a result, the Company has not capitalized borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset as part of the asset prior to the Transition Date. As of the Transition Date, the Company did not hold any debt that would require the capitalization of borrowing costs.

The Company's transition from Canadian GAAP to IFRS has resulted in adjustments to its statements of financial position as at July 1, 2010, March 31, 2011 and June 30, 2011. The changes to the Company's accounting policies have not resulted in any material changes to the statements of operations and comprehensive loss and cash flows. The following adjustments were made:

- (a) *Flow-through shares* – On transition to IFRS, the Company elected to allocate flow-through proceeds between the offering of the common shares and the sale of tax benefits when the common shares are offered. The allocation is made based on the difference between the market value of the common shares and the amount the investor pays for the flow-through shares. A liability is recognized for the premium paid by the investors and is then recognized in operations in the period of renunciation. If flow-through shares are sold at a discount, this policy does not apply and the flow-through shares issued follow applicable IFRS guidance. Previously, the Company's Canadian GAAP policy was to adopt the recommendations of EIC 146 with respect to the accounting for flow-through shares. This resulted in the Company reducing the net proceeds of the flow through share issuance by the future tax liability of the Company resulting from the renunciation of the exploration and development expenditures in favor of the flow-through share subscribers. As at the Transition Date, March 31, 2011 and June 30, 2011, share capital increased by \$981,170 and the accumulated deficit increased by \$981,170.
- (b) *Reclassification within equity section* - IFRS requires an entity to present for each component of equity, a reconciliation between the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period, separately disclosing each change. The Company examined its "contributed surplus" account and concluded that as at the Transition Date, the expired unexercised warrants and stock options would be reclassified to accumulated deficit with the remaining balance being classified as share-based payment reserve representing stock options exercisable. As at the Transition Date, share-based payment reserve decreased by \$1,406,337 and the accumulated deficit decreased by \$1,406,337. As at March 31, 2011, share-based payment reserve decreased by \$1,448,837 and the accumulated deficit decreased by \$1,448,837. As at June 30, 2011, share-based payment reserve decreased by \$1,588,337 and the accumulated deficit decreased by \$1,588,337.



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**11. CONVERSION TO IFRS (Continued)**

The July 1, 2010 Canadian GAAP balance sheet has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

	<b>July 1, 2010</b>		
	<b>Canadian GAAP</b>	<b>Effect of transition to IFRS</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
Total assets	\$ 1,073,496	\$ -	\$ 1,073,496
Current liabilities	349,041	-	349,041
Capital stock (a)	6,897,919	981,170	7,879,089
Warrants	50,000	-	50,000
Contributed surplus (b)	2,096,117	(1,406,337)	689,780
Deficit (a) and (b)	(8,319,581)	425,167	(7,894,414)
Total shareholders' equity	724,455	-	724,455
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,073,496	\$ -	\$ 1,073,496

The March 31, 2011 Canadian GAAP statement of financial position has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

	<b>March 31, 2011</b>		
	<b>Canadian GAAP</b>	<b>Effect of transition to IFRS</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
Total assets	\$ 1,502,569	\$ -	\$ 1,502,569
Current liabilities	362,429	-	362,429
Capital stock (a)	7,337,919	981,170	8,319,089
Warrants	-	-	-
Contributed surplus (b)	2,146,118	(1,448,837)	697,281
Deficit (a) and (b)	(8,358,898)	467,667	(7,891,231)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	15,001	-	15,001
Total shareholders' equity	1,140,140	-	1,140,140
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,502,569	\$ -	\$ 1,502,569

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**11. CONVERSION TO IFRS (Continued)**

The June 30, 2011 Canadian GAAP statement of financial position has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2011</b>		
	<b>Canadian GAAP</b>	<b>Effect of transition to IFRS</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
Total assets	\$ 1,235,524	\$ -	\$ 1,235,524
Current liabilities	367,810	-	367,810
Capital stock (a)	7,337,919	981,170	8,319,089
Contributed surplus (b)	2,150,117	(1,588,337)	561,780
Deficit (a) and (b)	(8,582,822)	607,167	(7,975,655)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(37,500)	-	(37,500)
Total shareholders' equity	867,714	-	867,714
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,235,524	\$ -	\$ 1,235,524

The Canadian GAAP statement of operations and comprehensive loss for the year ended June 30, 2011 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

	<b>Year ended June 30, 2011</b>		
	<b>Canadian GAAP</b>	<b>Effect of transition to IFRS</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
Stock-based compensation	\$ 44,000	\$ -	\$ 44,000
Interest and bank charges	108	-	108
Transfer agent and filing fees	27,984	-	27,984
Professional fees	62,324	-	62,324
General and office expenses	5,720	-	5,720
Shareholder information	9,094	-	9,094
Amortization	225	-	225
Rent	3,500	-	3,500
	152,955	-	152,955
Loss before the under-noted	(152,955)	-	(152,955)
Write-off of interest in mineral properties	(205,286)	-	(205,286)
Other income	95,000	-	95,000
Net loss for the year	\$ (263,241)	\$ -	\$ (263,241)

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**11. CONVERSION TO IFRS (Continued)**

The Canadian GAAP statement of loss and comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2011 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

<b>Three months ended March 31, 2011</b>			
	<b>Canadian GAAP</b>	<b>Effect of transition to IFRS</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
Stock-based compensation	\$ 9,247	\$ -	\$ 9,247
Interest and bank charges	29	-	29
Transfer agent and filing fees	8,494	-	8,494
Professional fees	19,504	-	19,504
General and office expenses	491	-	491
Shareholder information	966	-	966
Amortization	57	-	57
Rent	2,500	-	2,500
	<b>41,288</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>41,288</b>
Net loss for the period	(41,288)	-	(41,288)
Decrease in unrealized gains on available-for-sale marketable securities	(19,999)	-	(19,999)
Comprehensive loss for the period	<b>\$ (61,287)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (61,287)</b>

The Canadian GAAP statement of loss and comprehensive loss for the nine months ended March 31, 2011 has been reconciled to IFRS as follows:

<b>Nine months ended March 31, 2011</b>			
	<b>Canadian GAAP</b>	<b>Effect of transition to IFRS</b>	<b>IFRS</b>
Stock-based compensation	\$ 40,001	\$ -	\$ 40,001
Interest and bank charges	5,220	-	5,220
Transfer agent and filing fees	26,189	-	26,189
Professional fees	48,609	-	48,609
General and office expenses	535	-	535
Shareholder information	9,094	-	9,094
Amortization	169	-	169
Rent	4,500	-	4,500
	<b>134,317</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>134,317</b>
Loss before the under-noted Other income	(134,317) 95,000	- -	(134,317) 95,000
Net loss for the period	(39,317)	-	(39,317)
Increase in unrealized gains on available-for-sale marketable securities	15,001	-	15,001
Comprehensive loss for the period	<b>\$ (24,316)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (24,316)</b>

There has been no material impact on the net cash flows of the Company for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2011 and the year ended June 30, 2011 as a result of the transition to IFRS.

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**12. SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

On April 24 and 25, 2012, the Company announced that a total of 2,875,000 and 300,000 options to purchase common shares of the Company are being granted to directors, officers, employees and consultants at an exercise price of \$0.18 per share, expiring on April 24 and 25, 2017 respectively. The grants are subject to regulatory approval.